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# Mobilité humaine et Transferts monétaires

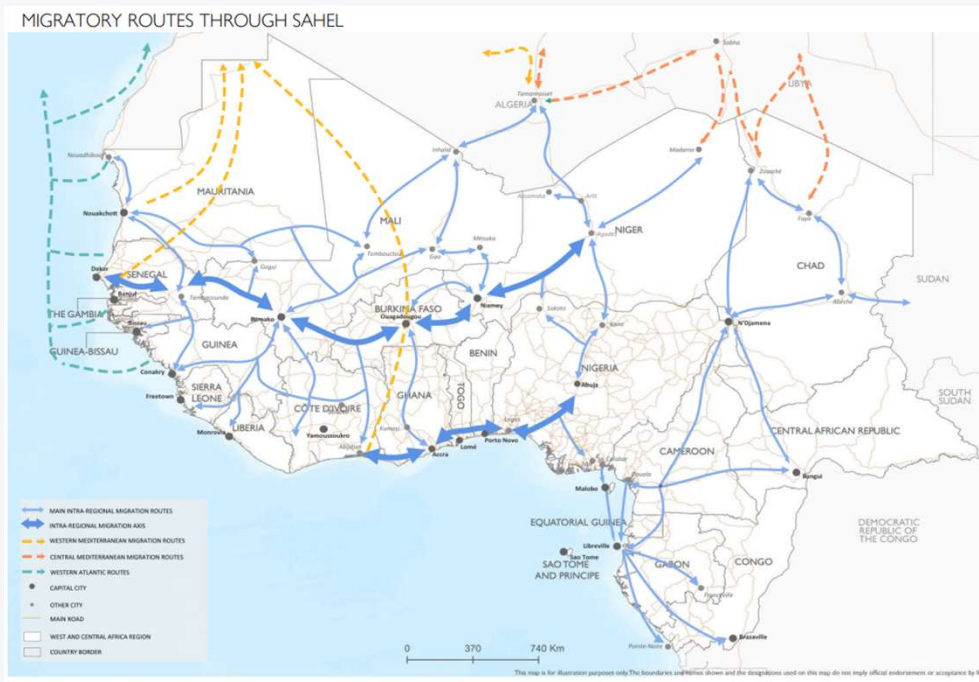
Il est temps d'améliorer la situation des personnes en déplacement

 **CALP NETWORK**  
CHOICE & DIGNITY FOR PEOPLE IN CRISIS



©Johannes Chinchilla/IFRC/2010

# Routes migratoires: Afrique de l'Ouest et du Centre



<https://dtm.iom.int/fr/node/27126>

- Route de l'Atlantique Ouest
- Route de la Méditerranée occidentale
- Route de la Méditerranée centrale



En 2020, 281 millions de personnes vivaient dans un pays autre que celui où elles étaient originaires.

À la fin de l'année 2022, plus de 108 millions de personnes dans le monde étaient contraintes de se déplacer.

# Qui sont en déplacement?



74%



17%



5%

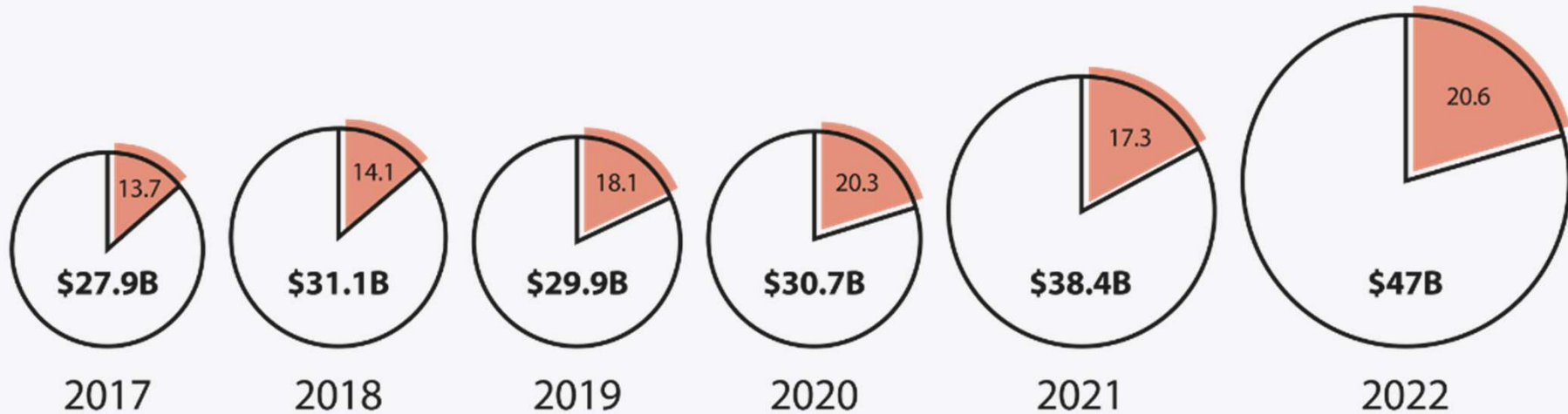


4%

- Niger
- Nigéria
- CAR

- 13.6 millions de personnes déplacées de force et apatrides
- Une hausse de 9%

# L'évolution des TM dans l'action humanitaire



● Estimated % of CVA of total IHA<sup>6</sup>



© NRC/ Burkina Faso

**Comment programmer différemment  
les TM dans des contextes de mobilité  
humaine ?**







Une approche  
centrée sur les  
personnes,  
essentiellement  
pour les  
personnes en  
déplacement.

# A new look at old terms

1

- Motilité en tant que concept

2

- La mobilité humaine du point de vue des personnes en mouvement

3

- Des besoins très différents

4

- Motilité et son impact sur la vulnérabilité

# Systemic Framework on Human Mobility and Vulnerability

MOVEMENT CAPITAL



## Mobility

People with high potential for geographical movement – mobility. People who have access to a wide range of available transport and communication options. They can use them physically, financially, and legally. Have the right skills and know how to use them. They can apply access, capacities and skills in real life.



**11 International students**  
People who have moved across an international border outside their usual place of residence to follow a program of study.

**12 Circular migrants**  
Individuals who move repeatedly back and forth between two or more countries.

Colombia/Venezuela  
Colombia/Ecuador  
Ecuador/Peru.

**13 Labor migrants**  
Movement of people from one country to another, or within the same country of residence, for work purposes. Can be regular or irregular, temporary, or seasonal.

**14 Migrants in an irregular situation**  
People who are moving or have moved across an international border and have not been authorized to enter or remain in a state in accordance with the laws of that state.

**15 Persons in incomplete transit**  
People who have not yet reached their destination, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Mexico, Guatemala, Haiti.

**16 Boundary migrants**  
People who move from their first country of destination to a country other than the country in which they initially resided and the country of which they are a national.

**17 Straggled migrants / Victims of trafficking**  
People who have been recruited and transported to another location for the purpose of abuse.

**18 Re-migrants**  
Individuals who, after having returned to their country of origin, migrate again.

**19 Internally displaced persons**  
People who have been forced or compelled to escape or flee from their home or place of habitual residence due to violence, conflict, or natural disasters and who have not crossed an internationally recognized state border.

**20 People seeking residence / asylum / regularization**  
People looking to stay for a long time in one place.

**21 Returned people**  
People who return to their place of origin after leaving. The return can be voluntary, forced, spontaneous or assisted, El Salvador, Honduras, Guatemala and Haiti.

**22 Isovigrants**  
From the perspective of the country of arrival, people who move to a country other than that of their nationality or habitual residence, so that the country of destination effectively becomes their new country of habitual residence.

**23 Protracted displaced people**  
Individuals who have been unable to return to their usual place of residence for the past three years or more, and have become stuck in the process of seeking durable solutions, such as repatriation, integration into host communities, settlement elsewhere, or other mobility opportunities.

**24 Refugees**  
People protected by international law who live in a country other than their country of origin.

**25 Stranded migrants**  
People who are unable to return to their country of origin, to regularize their situation in the country in which they reside or to access regular migration channels that would allow them to move to another country. The term may also refer to migrants who are stranded in the country of destination, transit or origin for humanitarian or security reasons and who, as a result, are unable to return home or continue their journey elsewhere.

**26 Trapped populations**  
People who do not migrate and yet are located in regions under threat, and are in danger of being trapped or having to remain in a place where they will be more vulnerable to environmental problems and impoverishment.

## (Im)mobility

People with low potential for geographic movement – motility. People who do not have access to available transportation and communication options. They are unable to use them physically, financially and legally. They do not possess the right skills and do not know how to use them.



# Facteurs de Vulnérabilité

 Démographie

 Motivations

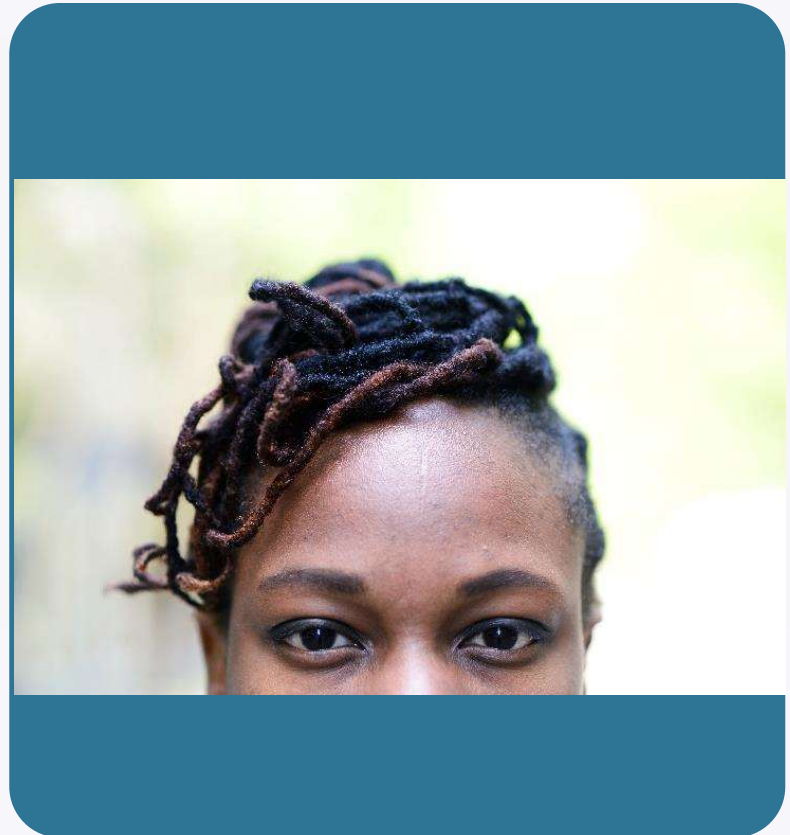
 Routes

 Friction

 Infrastructure dans le pays d'accueil

# Centrer davantage l'aide sur les personnes : un objectif concret

- Comment nous intervenons
- Où nous intervenons
- Ce à quoi nous nous associons
- S'adapter aux conditions changeantes



Modifier le concept de l'assistance d'un pays à l'itinéraire dans le contexte de mobilité humaine.

©Antonio Fantasia/Caritas



**C'est préférable : les personnes en déplacement préfèrent l'aide sous forme de TM**



©WFP/ David Azria 2024

C'est faisable.





Les conditions nécessaires existent.

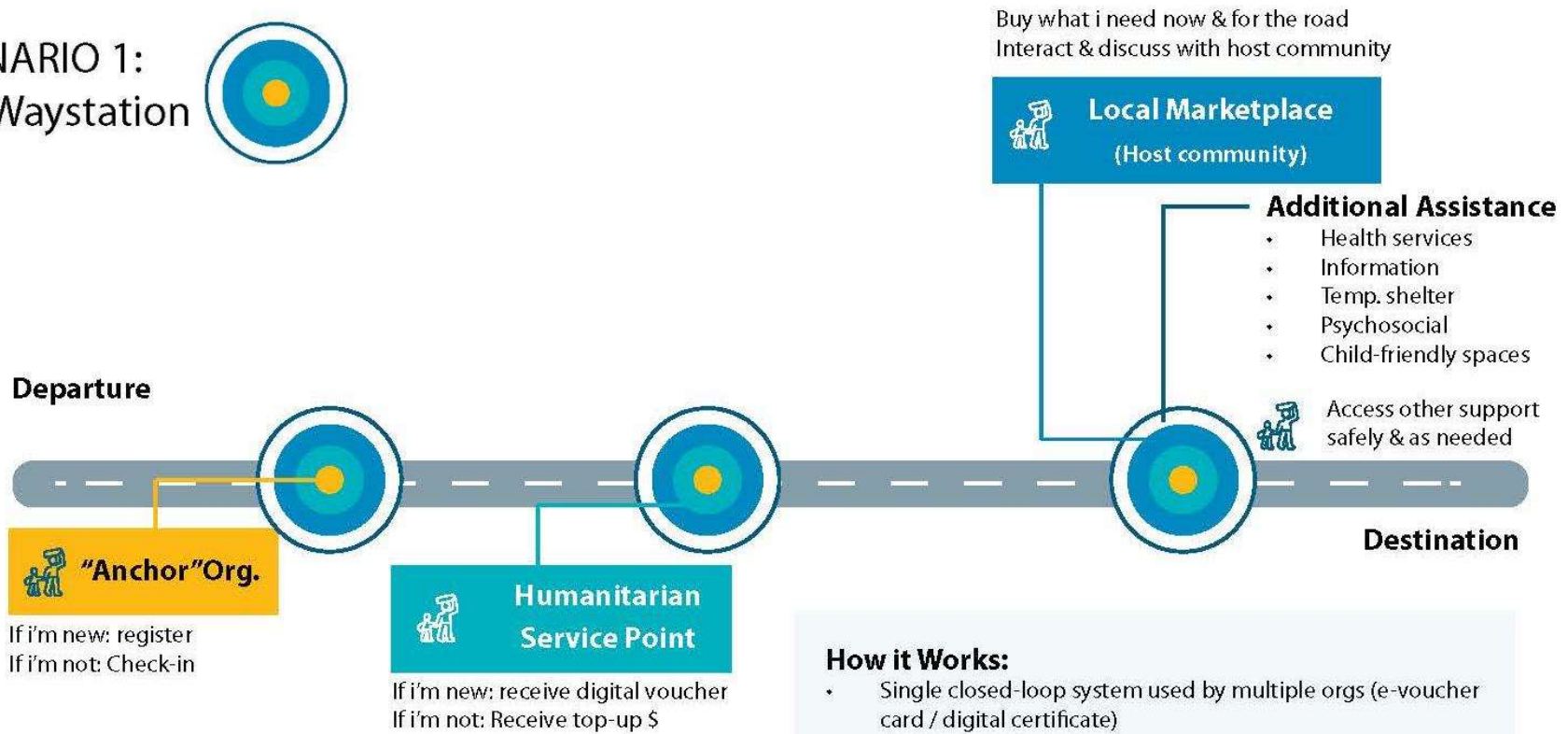




Les acteurs ont comencé à innover



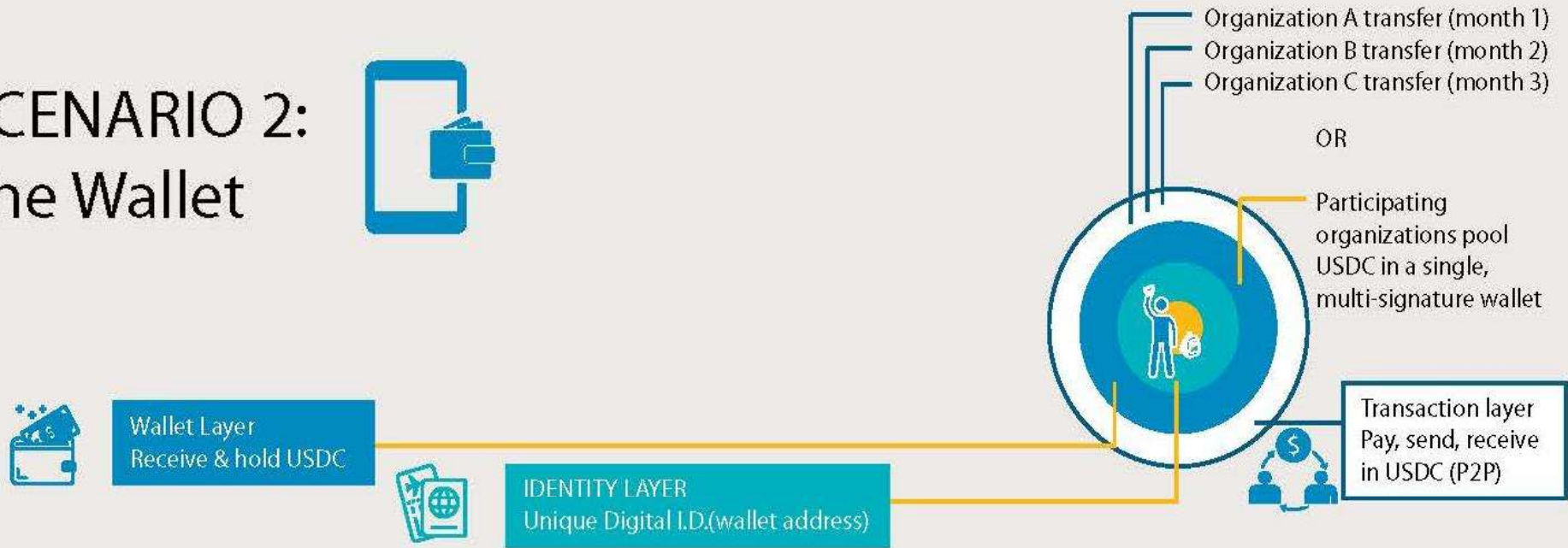
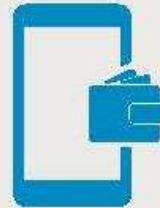
# SCENARIO 1: The Waystation



- A. Digital voucher/e-voucher provider (ideally, flexible system with app, card, biometric options + dashboard)
- B. Local vendors – must have a smartphone or POS + bank account
- C. Payment aggregator or bulk payment processor w/intl. coverage

- How it Works:**
- Single closed-loop system used by multiple orgs (e-voucher card / digital certificate)
  - Anchor organization
  - Has an established presence in location
  - Establishes service point
  - Registers newcomers & logs “check in” for ppl already in system (ex. enrolled at a prior service point)
  - **Anchor and/or partner organizations in location**
  - Select and enroll local vendors from host community
  - Provide additional assistance and services
  - Provide general information and maps of waystations

# SCENARIO 2: The Wallet



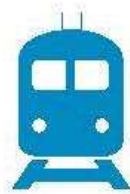
## How it Works:

- People on the move download wallet for free (set up time 5–10mins) via remote self-registration process (ex. VenEsperanza Caminantes pilot).
- Any organization with a digital wallet can provide direct assistance, OR
- A shared wallet can be used to pool funds for distribution. A single agency can host or multi-sign function allows multiple orgs to auth transactions.
- Network of assistance locations doesn't have to be linear (i.e. more than one 'route')
- Requires a service provider/wallet with multiple/accessible cash out points.
- Can integrate with digital vouchers & prepaid cards in some cases.

## Service Providers: FinTechs

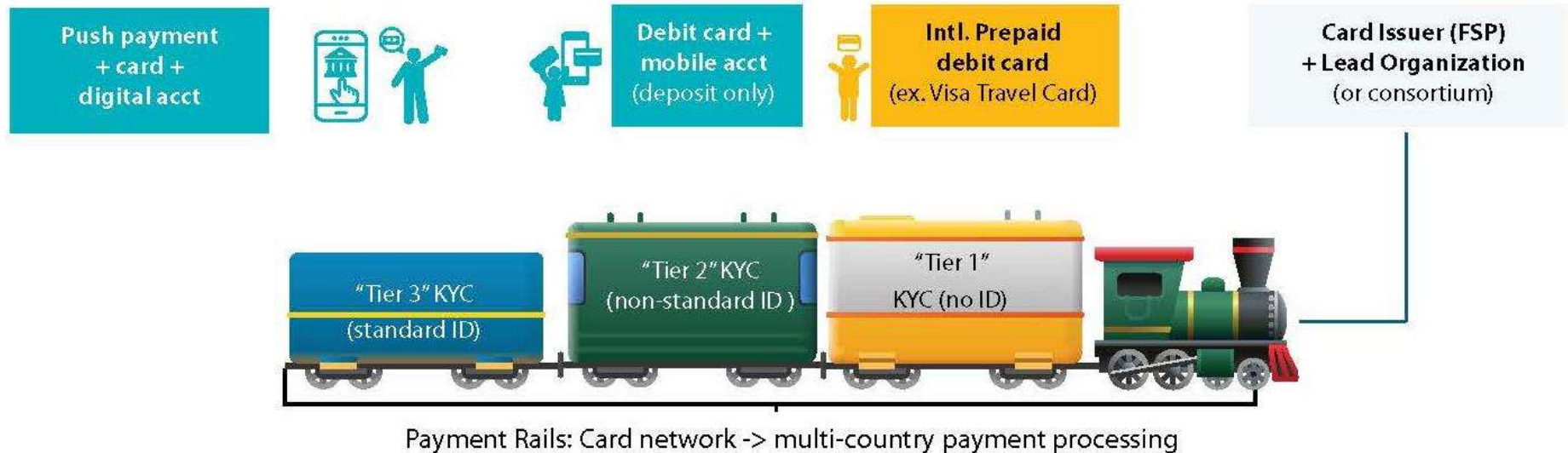
- Wallet provider (ex. AirTM)
- Bulk disbursement platform (if not incl. w/ wallet)
- Cash out partner (if required; ex. AirTM has 'cashier' agent network)
- Blockchain enterprise wallet (ex. Circle, Coinbase)

# SCENARIO 3: The Boxcar



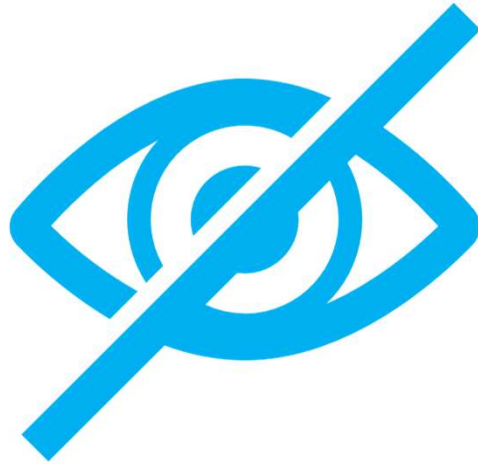
## How it Works:

- Card network/payment rail assigns unique identifier and facilitates payment in multiple countries on 'route'
- Card issuer (one or more FSPs) provides card type based on KYC tier
- Organizations register people according to KYC tier and issue corresponding card type
- People with full ID have option of card + digital account or direct deposit





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The background is a solid dark blue color. On the right side, there are several overlapping, semi-transparent, organic shapes in lighter shades of blue. A small white circle is positioned in the upper right quadrant, partially overlapping one of the lighter blue shapes.

# Ressources

Rejoignez le mouvement !

Home < Themes

# CVA and Human Mobility

Cash and Voucher Assistance (CVA) is frequently used to meet the needs of migrants in crisis. This page serves as a space to house materials connected to CVA and migration.

## Featured content



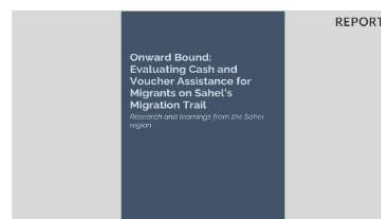
**Mapping a Route-Based Approach to CVA: Feasibility in select contexts in the Americas**

14 September 2023



**Four Reasons to Use a Route-Based Approach to Cash and Voucher Assistance**

13 September 2023



**Onward Bound: Evaluating Cash and Voucher Assistance for Migrants on Sahel's Migration Trail – Research and learnings from the Sahel**



PODCAST

## Episode 8: CVA- catching up with people on the move in the Americas

In this episode we explore with experts the topic of humanitarian responses in contexts of human mobility. We discuss the challenges as well as the opportunities and innovations that exist when it comes to effectively delivering recipient centered CVA in the Americas.

28 September 2022

NEW CASHCAST EPISODE

CVA: catching up with people on the move in the Americas



Available on





**DIGNIFYING, DIVERSE AND DESIRED:  
CASH AND VOUCHERS AS  
HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE  
FOR MIGRANTS**

**JANUARY 2022**

## **Onward Bound: Evaluating Cash and Voucher Assistance for Migrants on Sahel's Migration Trail**

*Research and learnings from the Sahel  
region*



**CASH  
ON  
THE  
MOVE**

## Lessons Learnt from the Ukraine Regional Response



*Authors: Julia Grasset, Inaki Borda*

*Contributors: Nick Anderson, Ieva Juskaite, Robert Attalah, Soraya Mesa, Ana Cosma, Antoine Sciot, Nil Eyuboglu, John Sandle, Pierluigi Sinibaldi*

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ONGOING RESEARCH

### Human Mobility, Locally Led Response and CVA: Case studies in Ecuador and Peru

Anticipated end date: 3 July 2024  
Contact: [Diego Prado](#)



# Mes questions à tous

- Quelles questions avez-vous?
- Quelles sont vos partages d'expériences?
- Quels sont vos défis?



**Merci**

